292 Book reviews

read format with good chapter subsections and index. Sufficient references are also included to enable further study where appropriate. This book is highly recommended for both industrial and academic scientists and engineers.

John F. Kennedy Linda L. Lloyd

Trends in Carbohydrate Chemistry. Edited by P.L. Soni, Surya International Publications, India, 1995. v + 208 pp. Price £30.00 (hardback). ISBN 81-85276-53-6.

This book is a collection of papers delivered during the IXth Carbohydrate Conference which was held in Lucknow, India. The objective of the conference was to understand the biological properties of carbohydrates, and therefore the theme of the conference was "Carbohydrates in Biomedical Research". It seems that the contents of the book do not reflect the title of the book, Trends in Carbohydrate Chemistry. Most of the topics covered in the book discuss the chemistry of carbohydrates in relation with biomedical applications, i.e. more towards the biochemical, microbiological and potential usage as drugs.

Despite great effort being taken to produce this proceedings volume, the topics of the 35 papers presented during the meetings are not organised properly, based on the main subjects or areas. This might complicate matters for readers wanting to search any particular topic of their research interest. In fact some of the papers are too short and need further elaboration and explanation, particularly the methodologies employed in the particular works reported.

After going through the book a few times, the papers presented can be divided into several main sections: biomedical aspects of carbohydrates, structural studies of carbohydrates and industrial applications of carbohydrates. Papers on the synthesis and evaluation of a few carbohydrate derivatives, the synthesis of a trisaccharide repeating unit of the antigen from Klebsiella type 20, and other reports on the isolation of polysaccharides from microorganisms indicate the potential exploitation of bioactive components from living systems for the benefit of mankind. Another group of papers covers the structural aspects of carbohydrates, particularly with regard to NMR studies of oligosaccharides extracted from natural sources. The other few papers highlight the potential application of carbohydrates, such as marine algal polysaccharides and role of hemicelluloses in the pulp and paper industry.

Obviously this book is suitable to become another collection for those who have an advanced level of knowledge of carbohydrate chemistry. Although one cannot judge the book from the cover, the cover and earlier pages of any book can trigger readers to proceed

further, if they can find something relevant or interesting and have time to search. Nevertheless the ideas and information presented in the book can help other researchers and lecturers in carbohydrate chemistry to gain further input for improvement of the teaching and R&D aspects.

Wan Hasamudin John F. Kennedy

Progress in Plant Polymeric Carbohydrate Research. Edited by F. Meuser, D.J. Manners and W. Seibel, B. Behr's Verslag Gmbh & Co., Hamburg, Germany, 1995. xvii + 254 pp. Price DM 118. ISBN 3-86022-257-0.

This book presents an account of the current developments in the plant polymeric carbohydrates which was presented in Berlin during the 7th International Symposium on Plant Polymeric Carbohydrates.

It covers five main areas: their biosynthesis and structure, their rheological properties, their nutritional importance, their industrial applications and their chemical and enzymic conversion.

More than 60 presentations are published in this book. Actually, this is a publication of the second part of the Proceedings; the first part has already been published by the Royal Society of Chemistry in 1993.

The first section outlines the biosynthesis and structure of the polysaccharides of cereals, rice, beans, soya, etc. Also some enzymes responsible for their growth are analysed and characterised.

The second section considers their rheological properties. Novel methods are used for analysis and the physico-chemical properties are investigated.

In the third section the nutritional importance of plant polymeric carbohydrates are discussed. They are very useful in developing new energy-reduced diets, especially for patients after myocardial infarction. New biological sources are also investigated and the content of heavy metals in the polymers is considered as well.

The industrial uses of plant polymeric carbohydrates are very broad and are considered in section four. They can be used to produce biodegradable films and plastics because of their thermoplastic properties after processing.

In the last section chemical and enzymic conversions are discussed.

This book is an essential read for researchers in the food, polymer and biological sciences, nutrition, bioorganic chemistry and biotechnology. It is also an essential acquisition for industrial development laboratories, food manufacture plants and scientific and technical libraries.

Geert Jackers John F. Kennedy